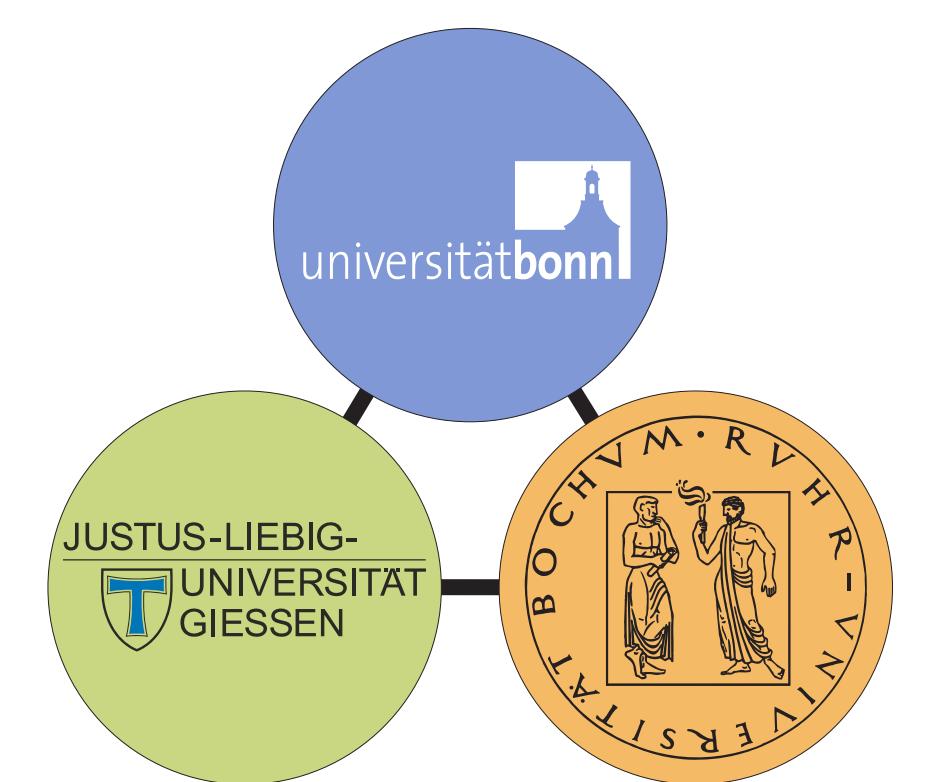




## D.3: Timing and Tracking for the CB Detector New Readout for CsI(Tl)-Crystals

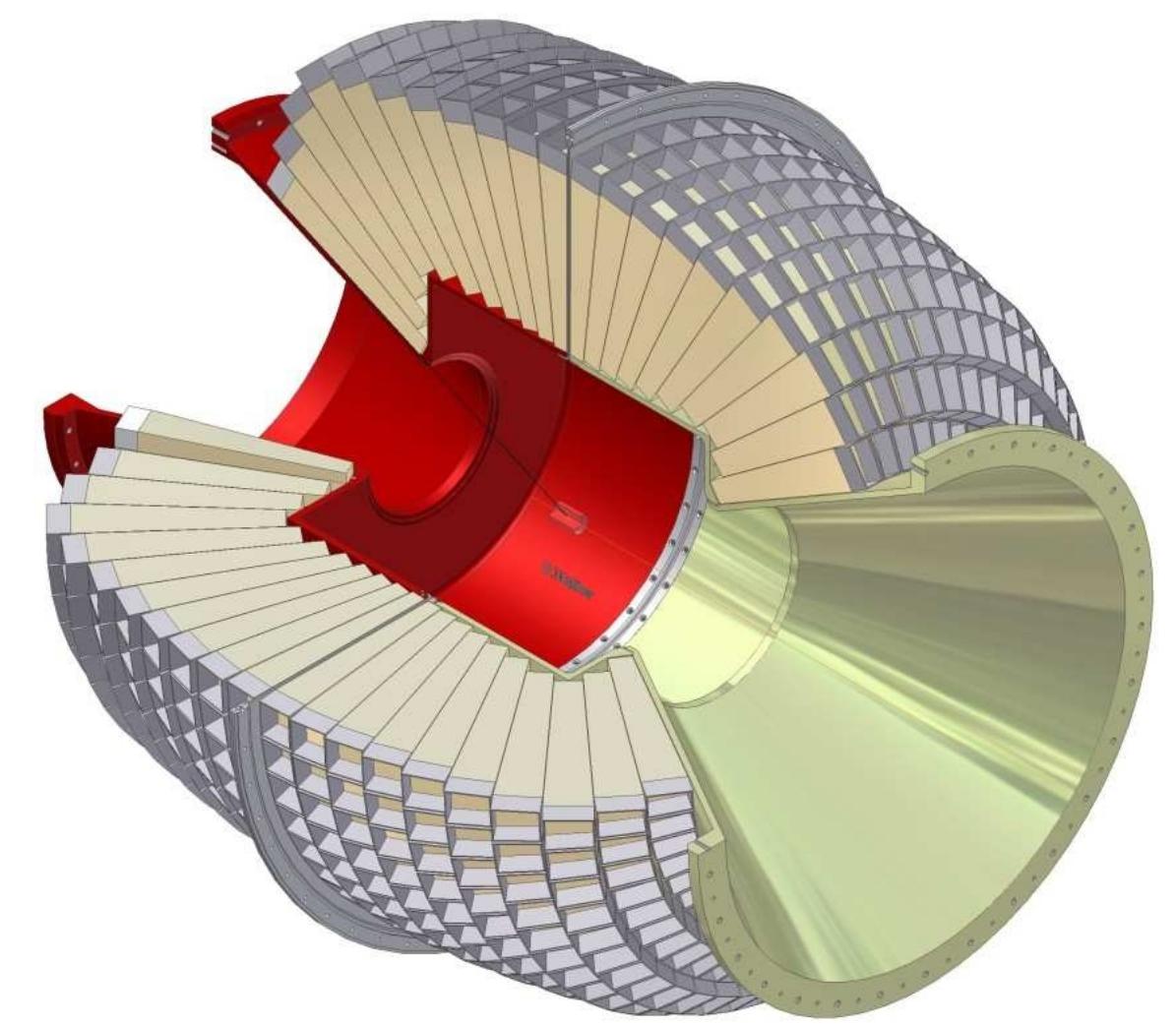
R. Beck, D. Bayadilov, M. Gottschall, Ph. Hoffmeister,  
D. Kaiser, H. Kalinowski, M. Lang, M. Nanova, R. Novotny,  
U. Thoma, D. Walther, M. Wehrfritz, A. Winnebeck



SFB/TR16 supported by Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft DFG

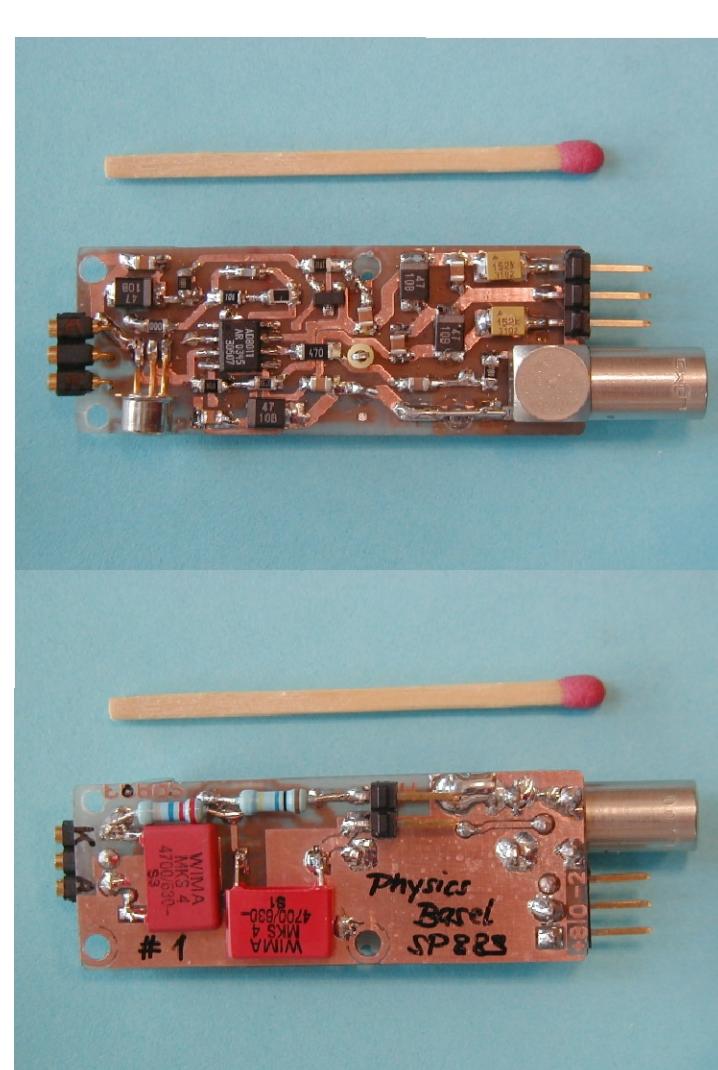
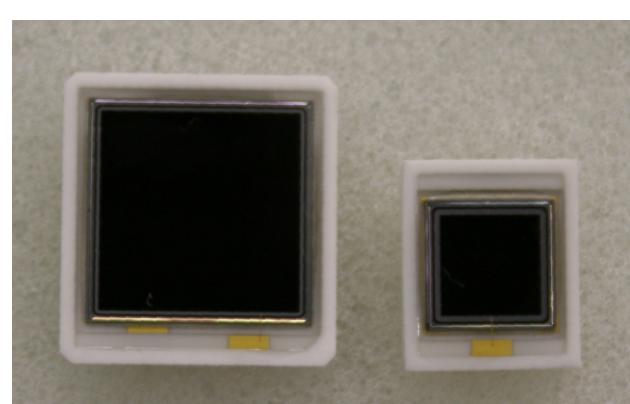
### Motivation:

- at present: second-level trigger by determining the number of clusters in the Crystal-Barrel calorimeter,
- decision time of about  $6\ \mu\text{s}$   
--> too long for first level trigger (only 180 ns allowed)
- a faster trigger signal is needed  
--> two possibilities were investigated:
  - APD: completely new energy readout and fast timing signal,
  - SiPM: energy readout remains the same, fast timing signal.



### Avalanche Photodiode Readout

- Hamamatsu S8664-1010SPL,
- based on CMS design [Z. Antunovic et al., NIM A537(2005)379],
- active area: 5mm x 5mm,
- reverse biased diode.



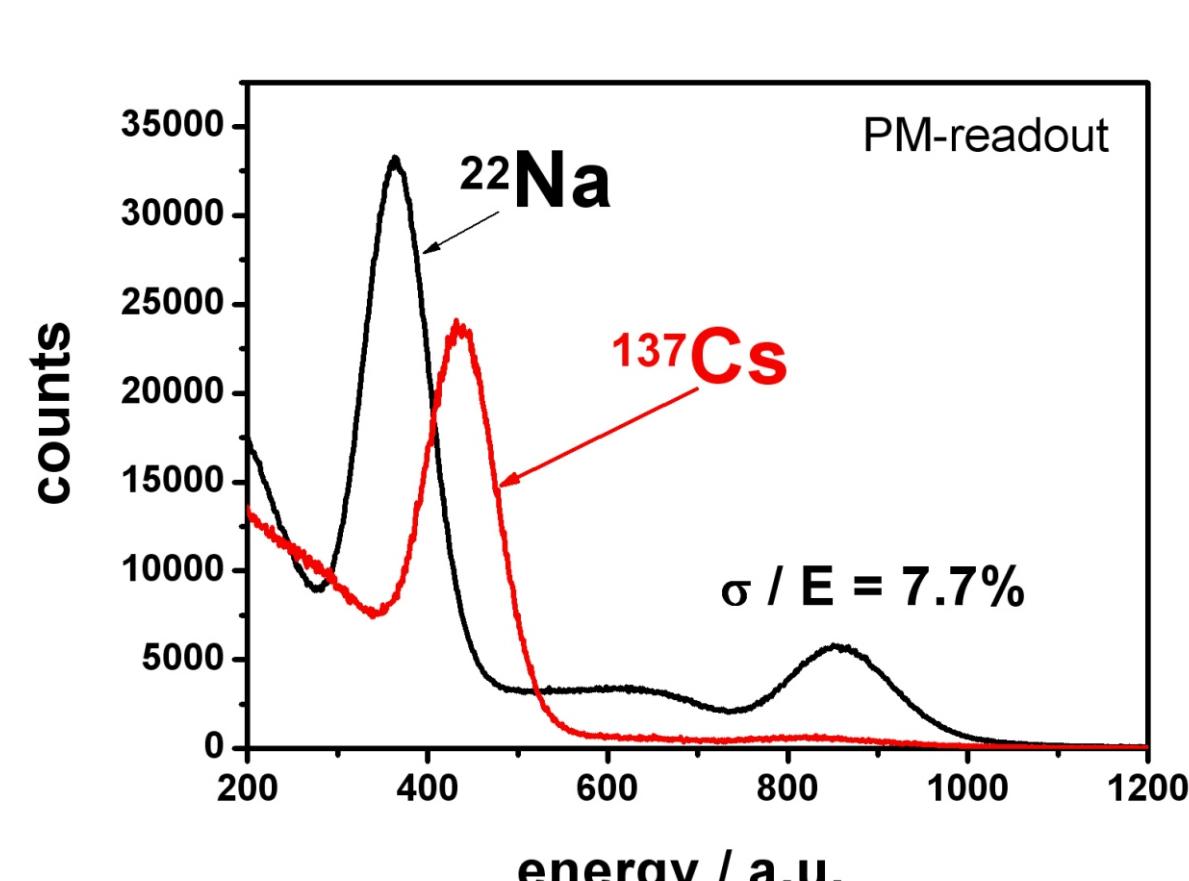
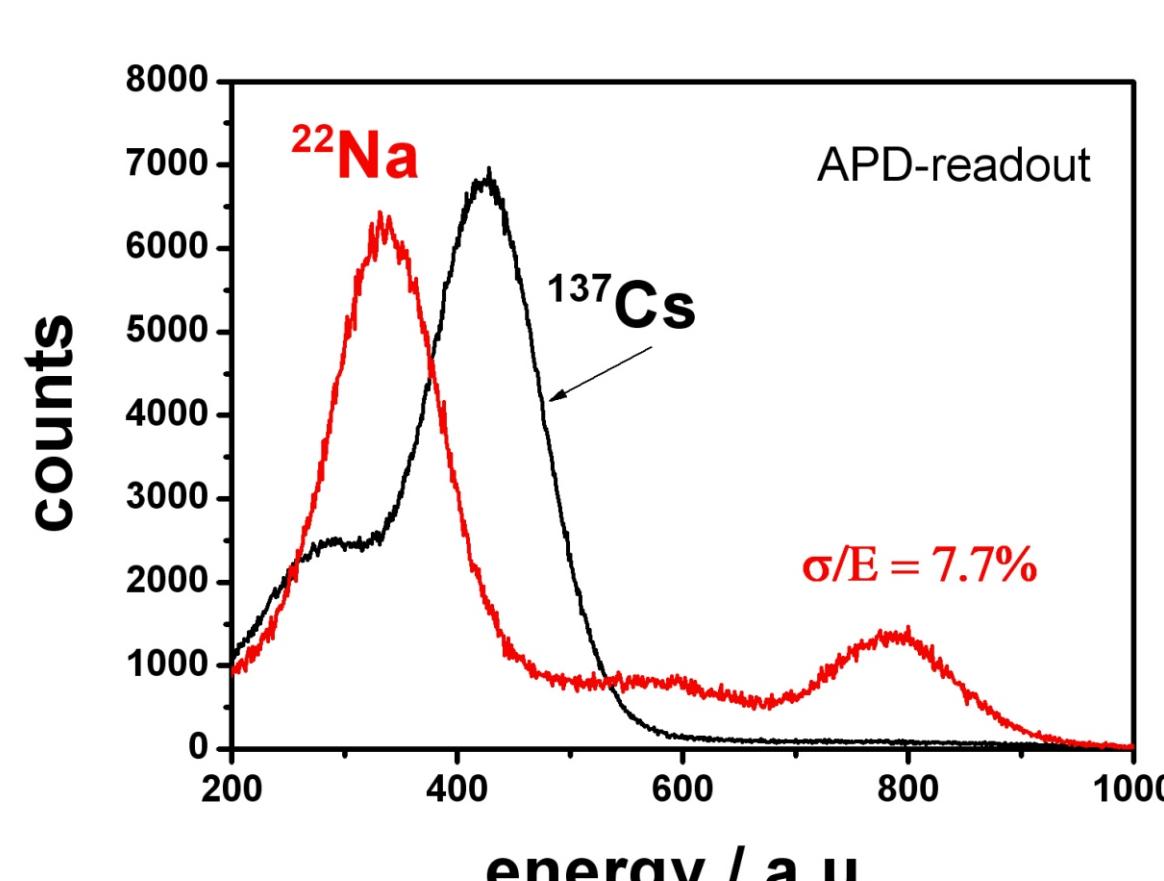
PANDA version:

- active area: 10mm x 10mm,
- C= 270pF at gain 50 and frequency at 100kHz,
- dark current: 10nA at gain 50,
- quantum efficiency 70% at 560nm.

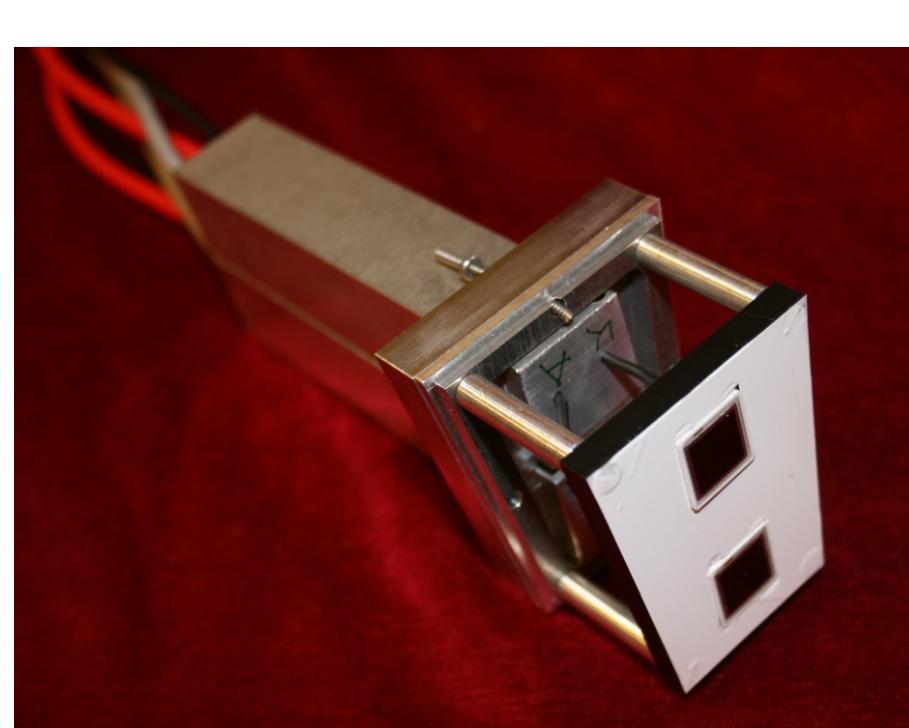
Preamplifier

- charge sensitive preamplifier,
- design: M. Steinmacher et al., Basel,
- Low noise and low power consumption,
- sensitivity: 0,5V/ pC,
- feedback time constant: 25 $\mu\text{s}$ ,
- not yet optimized for CsI(Tl).

Test of single CsI(Tl) crystal at low photon energies



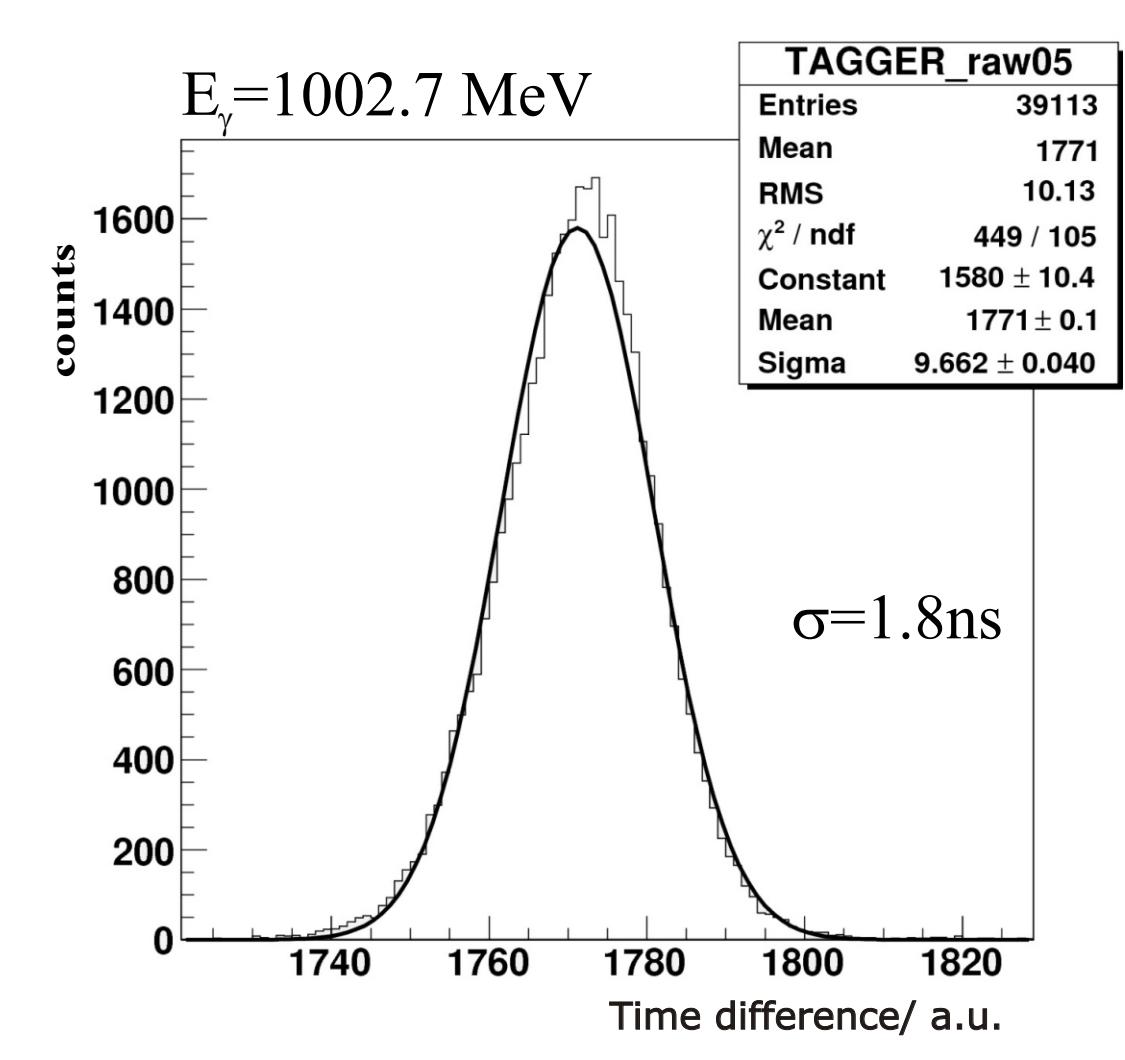
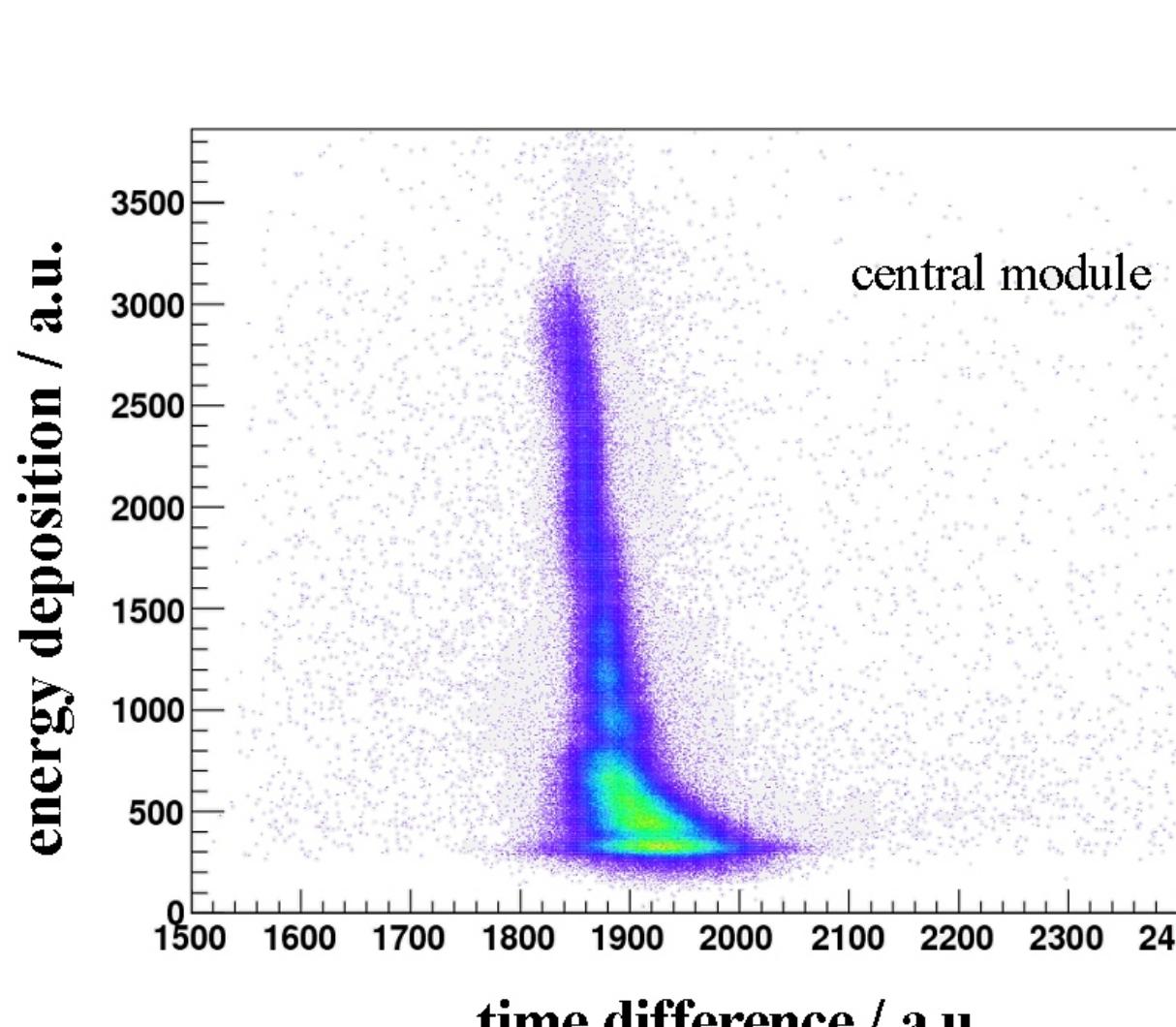
Test of a 3x3 subarray of CsI(Tl) crystals



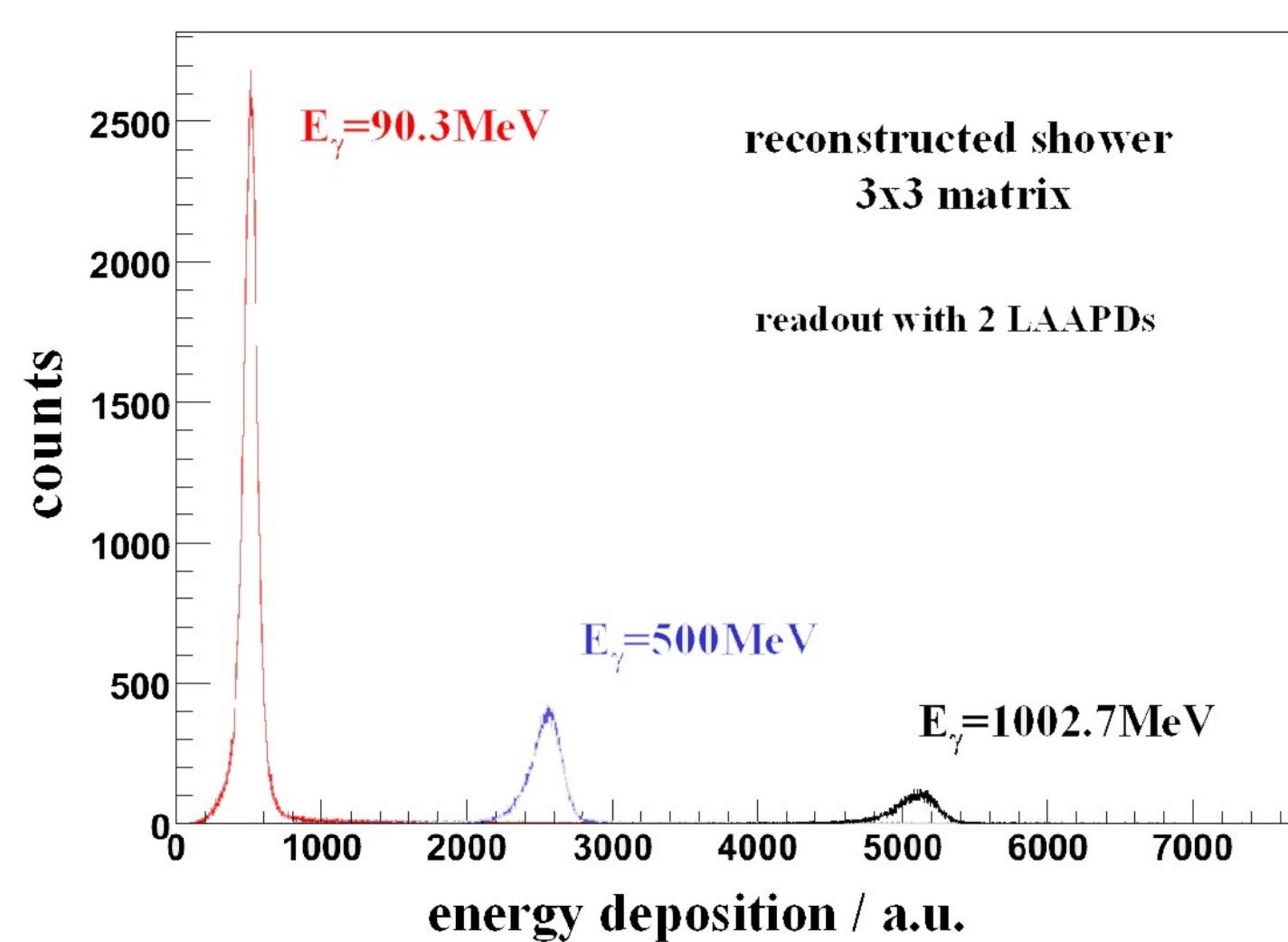
New APD readout for a single CsI(Tl) crystal

3x3 matrix of CsI(Tl) crystals

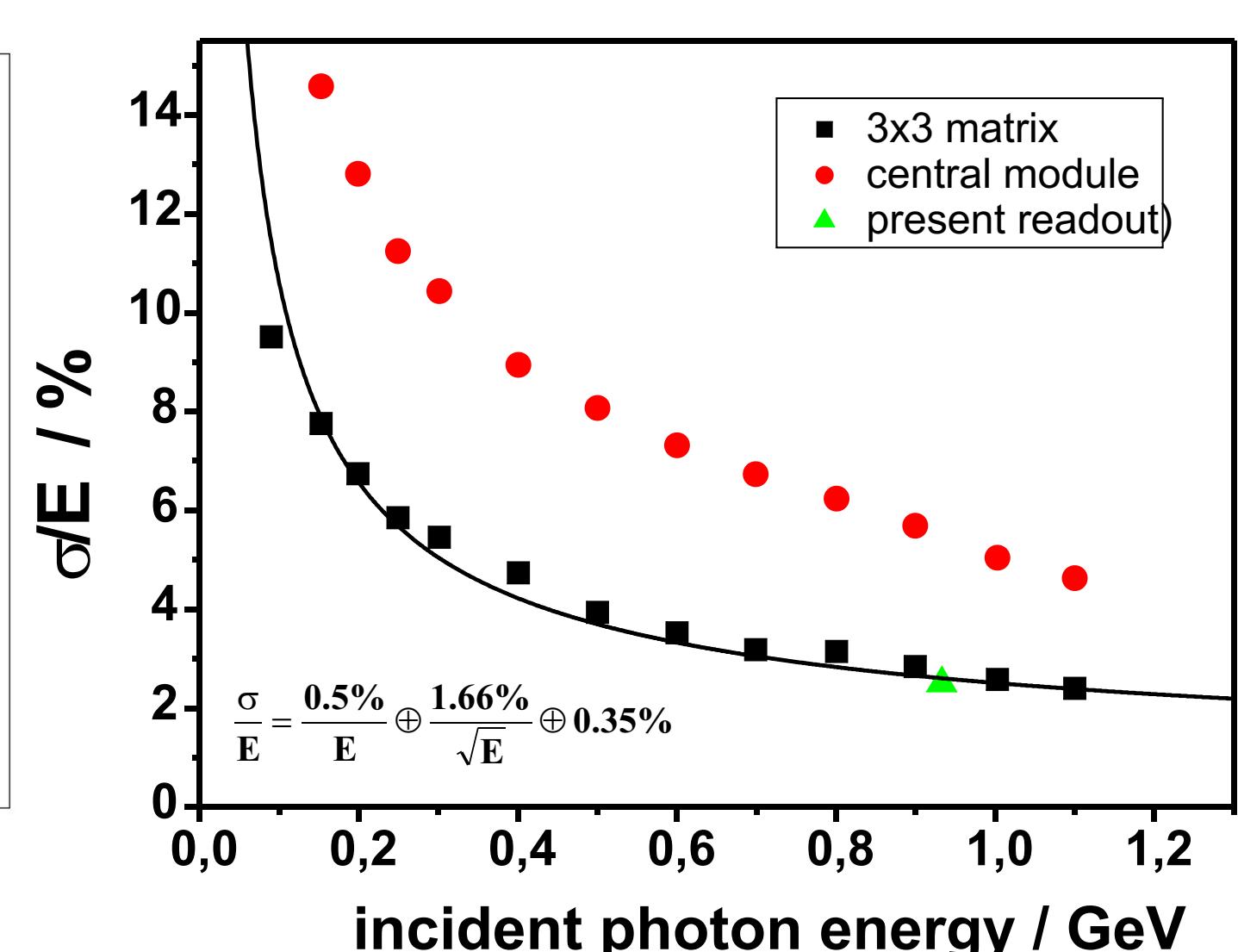
Time resolution of the APD



### Energy resolution of the APD

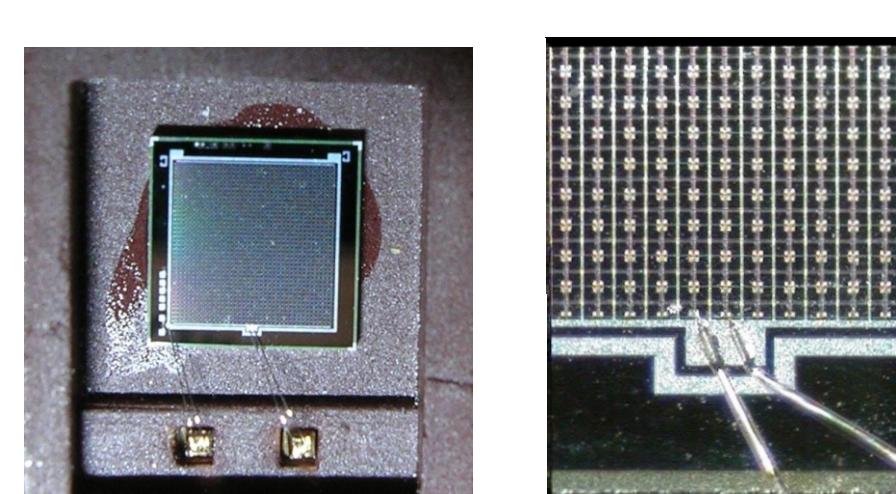


Energy response for three different photon energies



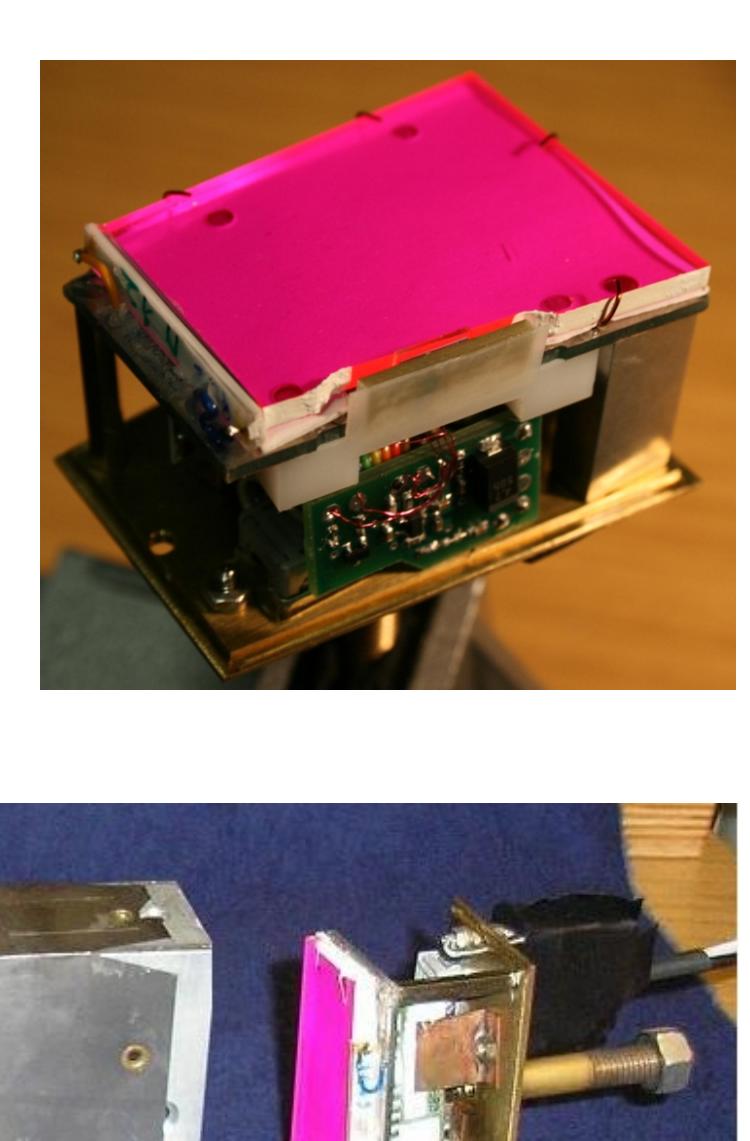
Energy resolution at different photon energies for the central crystal and for the 3x3 matrix

### Silicon Photomultiplier Readout



- size: 3mm x 3mm,
- 5625 pixels of 30 $\mu\text{m}$  x 30 $\mu\text{m}$ ,
- pixels operating in Geiger mode,
- gain factor:  $10^6$ ,
- bias voltage: 30 V,
- no temperature dependency.

- SiPM provide fast timing signals  
-> use as trigger signal for the first-level Trigger,
- energy readout of the Crystal-Barrel calorimeter remains the same,
- two SiPMs are mounted on the wavelength shifter in addition to the existing photodiode.



Results of test measurements with electrons and cosmics:

- 90% trigger efficiency in comparison to the photodiode,
- SiPM usable at an energy threshold of approximately 27 MeV,

- time resolution:  
 $\sigma = 12.5\ \text{ns}$   
-> fulfill the timing requirements for the first-level trigger.

